Common Beverages:			
What are we really drinking?			
	Soda	Sports drinks	Energy Drinks
What's the difference / what's in them?	 Sugar or artificially sweetened Many contain caffeine 	 Sugar or artificially sweetened Provides electrolytes, vitamins and minerals (primarily sodium/salt & potassium) 	 Sugar or artificially sweetened Highly caffeinated Provides unregulated stimulants (guarana, ginseng, taurine)

What are these ingredients and what do they do?		
Sugar	 Carbohydrate –supplies energy as glucose, it is fine in moderation but will lead to weight gain if it provides more calories than you use Will contribute to more cavities in teeth Mild stimulant to the control and peripheral pervous system 	
Carrenne	 Diuretic – will cause the body to get rid of water which may lead to dehydration Too much caffeine can cause: upset stomach, nervousness, trouble sleeping, nausea, vomiting, rapid and irregular heart beat Thin bones in those who also have low calcium intake 	
Electrolytes	 Sodium/salt- helps maintain the right balance of fluids in your body, helps transmit nerve impulses, influences the contraction and relaxation of muscles Potassium - critical to the function of nerve and muscle cells, including your heart 	
Guarana	 An extract that comes from the seed of a shrub native to South America The active ingredient is caffeine Mild stimulant thought to have synergistic effects NOT regulated by the FDA, long term effects are not known 	
Ginseng	 A root that grows in NE Asia May dangerously interact with certain medications Mild stimulant thought to have synergistic effects NOT regulated by the FDA, long term effects are not known 	
Taurine	 An amino acid thought to enhance caffeine's effects Mild stimulant thought to have synergistic effects NOT regulated by the FDA, long term effects are not known 	

Nutritional Implications / Overview Too much pop and juice replaces healthy calories with less healthy empty calories (calories that have little or no nutritional value) and lead to being overfed and under nourished Nutrients added to beverages are not absorbed as well as nutrients from whole foods What should athletes drink????? What's best????? WATER Why not sports drinks? Electrolyte and glucose replacement is only necessary in high intensity, long duration activities (drenched in sweat, greater than an hour, especially in hot weather)

• Why not energy drinks? They provide cardiac strain during exercise and potential dehydration.

More information is available on LPS Docushare (put location of folder here) 4/1/10 Middle School PLC project